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POETRY.

THE WRECK OF TIME.

Lo! o'er my senses softly steals The drear and agonizing thought, Which to my burning soul reveals
The wreck by time's dominion wrought; Still bearing us from youth to age, As first from infant spots we're borne, Through ev'ry storm and tempest's rage Hurrying o'er that happy morn Of airy thoughts and fancies wild, By smiling infancy beguiled;
Then bursting through the maze of time,
Years rolling o'er with march sublime,
Has plunged me swiftly in the strife And turmoil of a stormy life.

Oh! could I change one moment now,

Of what the dazzling world calls bliss, For hours of fancied pain and wo, Impending o'er the dark abyss; 'Twould be e'en bliss too pure to taste,
A flash of l'ghtning o'er the waste, To gild the passing hours of wo, And meliorate the levelling blow, That time all powerful and great, Has wasted o'er my chequer'd fate. Alas! a little while and I, Amid the shout and joyous cry Of early friends to mem'ry dear, arce breath'd a sigh or shed a tear; When life was young and hope was new, And flowrets bloom'd around the spring Of passions warm and friendships true Which sportive glee so light could bring,
To bound me o'er the tide of time,
With feelings pure and thought sublime.
But sever'd now from every tie, That bade my bosom thrill with bliss, A mother's voice—a brother's eye, A sister's pure and holy kiss. Thus void and lenely is our lot, E'en soft affection's fount sublime, Though deeply in the bosom wrought, Must perish through the wreck of time.

THE YELLOW DOMINO.

THERESA.

BY CAPTAIN MARRYATT.

It was a fine autumnal evening; I had been walking with a friend until dusk on hibited. The palazzo itself appeared like the Piazza Grand, or principal square in the fabric built of diamonds and precious the town of Lucca. We had been con- stones by the genii who obeyed the ring versing of England, our own country, from and lamp of Aladdin, so completely was its in Italy to fortify a weak constitution, and having remained there long after it was rearrived by the last mail, had talked over scene of festivity. Groups of characters I have been waiting for you in the next

'Where are you going, Alfred?' inquir-

heavy harlequins, fools and clowns by natare wearing their proper dresses there, and only in masquerade when out of it. Nuns who have no sins in their composition flirt, friars without a spice of religion, ugly Venuses, Dianas without charity, and Hebes as old as your grandmother.'

'All very true, Herbert And life itself is masquerade enough, but the fact is, that I have made an appointment; it is of importance, and I must not fail.'

I have generally extracted from these bur- have found me out!' and again I fell into bosom, and then hastened away to the gar-

hastened away. 'I remained another half hour reclining masques as they rolled past, apparently so a challenge!

and yet what numbers will be there; there lazzo as to be out of hearing of the crowd. feel sure of pardon as soon as the papers will be an immense crowd, and what can be the assignation which Albert said was of consequence? Such was my reflection for the next ten minutes, during which at least fifty carriages and other vehicles had pass-

ed in review before me.

And then I thought of the princely fortune of the marquess, the splendid palazzo coloured domino?' at which the masquerade was given, and the brilliant scene which would take place.

'The grand duke is to be there, and every body of distinction in Lucca. I have a great mind to go myself.'

A few minutes more elapsed, I felt that I was lonely, and I made up my mind that I would go. I turned from the window and rung the bell.

'Antonio, see if you can procure me a tell Carlo to bring the carriage round as soon as he can.'

Antonio departed and was away so long, that the carriage was at the door previous to his return.

'Signor, I am sorry, very, verry sorry, but I have run to every shop in Lucca, and there is nothing left but a yellow domino, which I have brought with me.

'Yellow! why, there will not be two yellow dominos in the whole masquerade; I might as well tell my name at once, I shall be conspicuous.

'You are as well hid under a yellow domino as a black one, signor, if you choose to keep your own secrets,' observed Antonio.

'Very true,' replied I; 'give me my masque.

Enshrouding myself in the yellow dom ino, I went down the stairs, threw myself coloured domino. into the carriage, and directed Carlo to drive to the palazzo of the marquesa.

In half an hour we arrived at the entrance gates of the marquesa's superb country seat .- From these gates to the palazzo, a sweep of several hundred yards, the trees through which the driver passed were loaded with variegated lamps, hanging in graceful festoons from branch to branch, and the notes of music from the vast entrance hall of the palazzo, floated through the still air. When I arrived at the area in front of the flight of marble steps which formed the entrance to the palazzo, I was astonished at the magnificence, the good taste, and the total disregard of expense which was exwhich I had then banished myself for near- marble front hidden with a mass of many- sume, explain the business. That there is ly four years, having taken up my residence coloured lamps, the reflection from whose quisite for my health from an attachment ous cluras & transparencies were arranged to its pure sky, and the 'dolce far niente' in the walks nearest to the palazzo, and looking up, I perceived a black domino which so wins upon you in that luxuriate then all was dark, rendered still darker standing before me. Climate. We had communicated to each from the contrast with the flood of light It is sharp enough. other the contents of our respective letters which poured to a certain distance from the domino; 'you have but to strike home. politics, great men, acquaintances, friends and dominos were walking to and fro in and mankind, and, tired of conversation, every direction, most of them retracing had both sank into a pleasing reverie as their steps when they arrived to the somwe watched the stars twinkling above us, bre walks and valleys, some few pairs conwhen my friend rose hastily and bid me tinuing their route, where no listeners were

to be expected. This is an animating scene, thought I, as the carriage stopped, and I am not sorry 'I had nearly forgotten I had an appoint that I made one of the party. As soon ment this evening. I promised to meet as I had descended, I walked up the broad somebody at the Marquess di Cesto's mas-flight of marble steps which led to the spa-flight of marble steps which led t cious hall in which the major part of the 'Pshaw! are you not tired of these company were collected. The music had, things?' replied I? 'that eternal round of black masques and dominos of all colours, that the perfume of the exotics which decorated the hall was too powerful, I was again descending the marble steps, when my hand was seized and warmly pressed by one in a violet-coloured domino.

'I am so glad that you are come; we were afraid that you would not. I will see you again directly, said the domino, and then it fell back into the crowd and disappeared.

It immediately occurred to me that it Well, I wish you more amusement than Very odd,' thought I, 'that he should on my fluger, the stiletto and packet in my lesque meetings,' replied I. 'Adieu, and the absurdity of imagining that because I den on the other side of the palazzo, that may you be successful,' and my Albert had put on a conspicuous domino, I was I might read the mysterious communicawith me? He must be in some difficulon the bench, and then returned to my ty, some unexpected one, that is certain.' admiration led me away so as to find myself lodgings. My servant Antonio lighted the Such were my reflections as I slowly decandles and withdrew. On the table lay scended the steps, occasionally pausing for tendant upon the affair ... and feeling secure, increased so much that all hands kept at a note; it was an invitation from the mar- a moment at one, as I was lost in conjec- now that I had a stiletto in my bosom for quesa; I threw it on one side and took up ture, when I was again arrested by a slight my defence, I resolved that I would go with buckets. a book; one that required reflection and slap on the shoulder. I looked around, it right through until the whole affair should deep examination, but the rattling of the was a female, and although she wore her be unravelled. wheels of the carriages as they whirled a half mask, it was evident that she was long past my window, would not permit young, and I felt convinced that she was lamp on the other side of the palazzo; 1 means of India rubber life preservers. They done there by the gale on Friday, the 20th me to command my attention. I threw beautiful. 'Not a word,' whispered she, held up to its light the mysterious paper, state that if there had been 150 of these instant. At Kingston the steamboat By down the book, and taking a chair at the window, watched the carriages full of Of course I followed, who could resist such writing:

until an hour ago,' replied 1.

spoken to you'. What, was that Afbert in the rese-

explained to you what has occurred?'

Not one word.' 'If he has not time....and I doubt if he rations I will write a few lines, if I can, without his seeking for me.

and explain, or at least tell you what to domino, a dark coloured one if possible, & do; but I am so harassed, so frightened! me of no papers by this day's mail. Viola! We do indeed require your assistance. I never heard him mention such a name. Adieu.' So saying, the unknown tripped He said to me, 'read this and all will be

as I watched her retreating figure. 'Al- my carriage with my treasure-never says bert said that he had an appointment, but where! I presume he is about to run off he did not make me his confidant. It appears that something which has occurred low domino. Here I am with two papers, assistance. Well, I will not fail him.'

and down between the lines of orange-trees, will back to my post, but first let me see which were dressed up with variegated what is in this paper which I am to affix lamps, and shed their powerful fragrance upon the man's dress after I have killed in the air; I ruminated upon what might him. I held it up to the light, and read in be my friend's intentions, and what might capital letters, ' The reward of a traitor! be the result of an intrigue carried on in a Short and pithy, muttered I, as I replaccountry where the stiletto follows love so ed it in my pocket; 'now I'll back to the when I was again accosted by the violets nearly expired.'

'Hist!' whispered he, looking very carehand, 'read this after I leave you. In one hour from this be you on this spot. Are you armed?'

'No,' replied I; 'but Albert-'You may not need it; but nevertheless take this... I cannot wait.' So saying, he put a stiletto into my hand, and again made

hasty retreat. It had been my intention to have asked Albert what was his plan, and further, why he did not speak English instead of Italian, as he would have been less liable to have been understood by eaves-droppers; but a little reflection told me he was right in speaking Italian, as the English language overheard would have betrayed him, or at least have identified him as a foreigner.

A very mysterious affair this!' thought trees. I, 'but, however, this paper will, I predanger, it is evident, or he would not have stiletto once or twice to the light of the sparkled on my finger. lamp next to me, examining its blade, when,

'It is sharp enough, I warrant, said the walk, which I thought was to be our rendezvous. Here is a paper which you will fasten to his dress. I will contrive that he shall be here in an hour hence by a pretended message. After his death, you will put this packet into his bosom; you understand. Fail not; remember the one thousand sequins; and here is my ring, which I will redeem as soon as your work is done. The other will soon be here. Why a yellow domino? it is too conspicuous for a retreat,' and as I received from him the packet and ring, the black domino retreated through the orange grove which encircled us.

I was lost in amazement; there I stood with my hands full, two papers, a packet, a stiletto, and a diamond ring. 'Well, thought I, this time I am most assuredly taken for somebody else-for a bravo I am not. There is some foul work going on, which, perhaps, I may prevent.

'But why a yellow domino,' said he; I may well ask the same question. 'Why the deuse did I come here in a yellow domwas my friend Albert who spoke to me. ino, or any domino at all?' I put the ring sure to be recognized. 'What can he want tion put into my hands by my friend Albert; and as I walked on, my love for pleased with the mystery and danger at-

I walked on till I had gained the last

'You are late,' said the incognite, when we cannot hope for safety here, surround- the Baltimore American of this morning eager in the persuit of pleasure. I was in a cynical humour. What fools, thought I, we had walked so far away from the parties by stilettos on every side. We 'I did not make up my mind to come which Albert received by this day's mail, and which he will entrust to you when board the 'Home' who reached the city 'I was so afraid that you would not come. you meet again, are placed in my father's on their return to New York, to replace Albert was sure that you would. He was hands. We must have your assistance in the lost papers, &c. right. He told me just now that he had removing our treasure. Our horses are all ready, and a few hours will put us in safe- progress after she left New York, and had ty; but we must look to you for following us in your carriage, and conveying for me 'Yes, but I dare not stay now; my fas what would prove so great an incumbrance ther will be looking for me. Albert is to our necessary speed ... When Albert sees keeping him in conversation. In half an you again, he will be able to tell you where o'clock P M and caused the boat to labor hour he will speak to you again. Has he it is deposited. Follow us quick, and you will always have the gratitude of

> P. S. I write in great haste, as I canwill have, as he must attend to the prepar not leave my father's side for a moment

> 'What can all this mean? Albert told explained.' I'll be hanged if I am not as What the deuse is all this,' muttered I, much in the dark as ever...follow them in with some rich heiress. Confound this yelthis night, occasions him to require my a packet, a stiletto and a ring; I am to receive another packet, and am to convey For about half an hour I sauntered up a treasure. Well, it must solve itself; I

As I retraced my steps, I again reverted to the communication of Viola, 'surfully round as he thrust a paper into my rounded as we are by stilettos on every con river, has been jumped by some forside!' why, surely Albert cannot be the eigners, out-laws, cut-throats, beef-stealers, person that I am required by the black domino to despatch, and yet it may be so God knows where, Tom, Dick, and Harry and others are to join me here before the hour is past. A thought struck me; whoever the party might be whose life was to be taken, whether Alberts or another,

could save him. My reverie was again broken by a tap

on the shoulder. Am I right? What is the pass-word? 'Milano,' replied I, in a whisper.

'All's right, then, Giacome and Tomasso are close by ... I will fetch them.'

'Here we all are, Felippo,' whispered the first. He is to be here in a few minutes.'

'Ah, signor, the man, in a low voice, 'I thought it was

'Not so loud,' replied I, still in a whis-'All is discovered, and Felippo is ara shall hear from me to morrow.'

'Corpo di Bacco! Where, signor ... at the old place?'

'Yes...now away, and save yourselves. In a few seconds the desperate men disappeared among the trees, and I was left

(To be continued.)

on Saturday the 7th instant, at 4 o'clock,

same number of the crew. Only two ladies pieces fell in showers into the hat. were saved, both of Charleston -one of them Mrs. Schroeder-the other a foreign lady, whose name is not remembered .-The passenger who brings this melancholy intelligence jumped overboard, and happily reached the shore by swimming.

It was off Ocracock light that the Home perished. Our informant says the vessel went completely to pieces. The leak began on Sunday night, and before morning had the pumps; even the ladies were employed

Captain White and nineteen of the crew

been lost. 'We have determined upon flight, as Thefollowing farther particulars are from materially injured .- Mont. Her.

We have conversed with Messrs. Rowland and Holmes, the two passengers on

They state that the 'Home' made rapid proceeded as far as to the southward of Cape Hatteras, when the wind, which had blown very freshly all Monday morning, 9th instant, increased to a gale about two

It was soon very generally manifest that her frame was not strong enough to withstand the violence of the sea, and we learn that she raised in the bow and stern at least three feet from her proper line.

It is supposed that she leaked freely, for she soon settled so deep in the water as to render her wheels entirely useless, and her sails were then raised to run her

on shore. About seven or eight o'clock, P M, the water had quenched the fire under the boilers, and she continued nearing the land by means of her sails, until half-past ten o'clock at night, when she struck the shore near Ocracock, and immediately went to

The passengers were now in the greatest confusion and alarm-some leaped overboard, and were drowned in attempting to swim to land, while others possessed themselves of pieces of timber, & floated ashore, nearly exhausted with cold and fatigue.

The following is a curious specimen of the style of advertising in Wisconsin. It close through all the mazes of his labyrinth, spot of assignation, for the hour must be has at least the merit of originality to rea

commend it. Whereas I has got an item that my claim in Skunk Settlement, on the Wabsapinecoming from some poor worn out country, -whom nobody knows....rag, tag, & bobtail-of all sects of Christians. Now this is to inform all emigrants to Wisconsin. Territory, that there is sufficient land belonging to Uncle Sam, without taking my claim ; therefore, take notice, all ye Hoosiers, Pukes, Buck Eyes, Suskers, Corn. crackers, Yankees, Flatheads, Wolvereens, Buck Skins, Herring Bones, Speculators, Land Pirates, or what not, that if any one of you has squatted on my improvement The man turned away, and in a minute and don't absquattle before I get there, I reappeared with two others, bending as will row you up Salt Creek-grease and they forced their way under the orange- gridiron you, and knock you into the middle of next week, so help me Moses.

BEHBEN FLACK.

Some caution is requisite in passing our opinion upon strangers; a caution, however, which few of us adopt. At a public levee of the court of St. James, a gentleman said to Lord Chesterfield—pray, my lord, who is that tall awkward woman youder? That lady, sir-replied Lord Chesterfield, is-my sister. The gentleman rested. You must away immediately. You reddened with confusion, and stammered out-no, no, my Lord, I beg your pardon; I mean that ugly woman, who stands next to the Queen. That lady, Sir, answered Lord Chesterfield, calmly—that lady, is.....

A BENEVOLENT SINGER .- We find the following anecdote in the last number of the Gazette Musicale :.... The principal singer of the great theatre at Lyons, one Loss of the Steam packet Home, of this day lately observed a poor woman, with port-Nincty five lives lost .- A passenger her four children, begging in the street. on board the steam-packet Swan from Phila Her decent and respectable appearance, in adelphia, was on board the steam-packet the midst of extreme poverty, interested Home, which left this port, for Charleston, the kind hearted vocalist. He desired the poor woman to follow him into the Place P. M. On Sunday night, when the packet Bellcour, where, placing himself in a corner, was a short distance south of the Capes, a his head covered with his handkerchief, and violent gale from the N. E. came on, in his hat at his feet, he began to sing his which the packet went to pieces on Mon- most favorite opera airs. The beauty of his voice drew a crowd round him; the There were on board 90 passengers, of idea of some mystery stimulated the genewhom about 20 were saved, with about the rosity of the by standers, and five franc

> When the singer who had thus, in the goodness of his heart, transformed himself into a street minstrel, thought he had got enough, he took up the hat, emptied its contents into the apron of the poor woman, who stood motionless with amazement and happiness, and disappeared among the crowd. His talent, however, betrayed him, though his face was concealed, the story spread, and the next evening, when he appeared on the stage, shouts of applause from all parts of the house, proved (says the French journalist) that a good action is never thrown away.

A private letter from Upper Canada Two of the passengers were saved by states that considerable damage had been it was in Italian, and in a woman's hand on board but very few lives would have town and two barges laden with flour and ashes were sunk, and that the wharves were

From the Montreal Herald. GREAT LOYAL MEETING.

On Tuesday morning we made a few re marks on the Great Loyal Meeting which was held on Monday in the Place d'Armes, but from want of space both on that day and yesterday, we were unable to give any detailed report of the speeches delivered on the occasion. We have it now in our power r to do so at considerable length, and our readers may depend on their correctness.

At an early hour on Monday preparations were made in the Place d'Armes by erecting hustings for the speakers, and decorating the square with flags of various devices, among which was conspicuous the Union Jack, that glorious ensign which has braved a thousand years, the battle and the breeze, and which we trust will long float trium

phant throughout the world. Shertly after twelve o'clock the square began to be crowded with stragglers, while the windows on each side showed a galaxy of beauty and fashion heightening by their presence the animation and spirit stirring enthusiasm of the occasion. The Quebec and St. Louis ward procession arrived with hagpipes at their head, and a banner with the national motto Draw the sword Scotland,' carried by as stalwart a Gael as ever drew broadsword or handled dirk. The banners and flags in this procession were numerous and the mottoes very appropriate, among which we noted 'Reform, not Revolution,' 'Britons die but never surrender,' 'United we stand,' 'The Land we live in,' 'Civil and Religious Liberty,' 'God and my right,' &c. &c. &c. At one o'clock precisely, the distant sound of martial music announced the near approach of the members of the St. Lawrence ward, ever the most enthusiastic and namerous on occasions like the present. They approached the Place d'Armes by Little St. James Street, headed by a troop of horsemen, in front of whom was the Champion of England bearing the St. Lawrence Union Jack Standard. A band of music headed the pedestrians, who extended to an almost in. terminable length, and as banner after banner appeared to the view of the assembled multitude in front of the hustings, the welkin rung with acclamations at the animating eight .- Among the various mottoes we no ticed "The old Royals and the gallant 32d "Up Guards and at them," 'A reformed Council, not an Elective, 'A bint to the Government-No more vascillation-Be firm, be just,' Our two grand objects ...Registry Offices and the Abolition of the Feudal Tenure, 'England expects ev ery man will do his duty,' 'Canada must not-shall not be given away,' 'Our fair and virtuous Queen...wha' wadna' follow thee,' 'The British Empire upon which the sun never sets-Canada a part of it .. Huzza!' 'O'Connell's cry...the Queen and old Ireland,' 'Equal rights to all men,' The British Constitution and no other, The peace and happiness of the people is the object of our Meeting,' in French and English, 'Erin go bragh, Faugh a ballach, ' Unshackle British Enterprise, then Lower Canada will prosper,' and a great many others too numerous to mention. The St. Antoine and St. Ann's wards also arrived at the hustings with music and appro-

At one o'clock the meeting was organis zed, when Samuel Gerard, Esq. proposed and George Auldjo, Esq. seconded, the nomination of the Hon. Peter M'Gill as Chairman, which being carried by acclamation, the object of the meeting was ex- stood, that I recommend any other measlained in nearly the following terms. The Hon. Chairman said

Fellow-Citizens and Friends,- Though I am fully conscious of my inability and unfitness, it would be an affection of diffidence which I do not feel, and a piece of hypocrisy foreign to my nature, if I hesitated a moment in accepting the call which has just been made by my friends near me, to preside over your deliberations and conclusions on this highly interesting, imposing and important occasion-the more especially, when that call has been so unanimously, and enthusiastically approved of by yourselves. We have assembled together, my friends, in the terms of the requisition, to take into our serious consideration the measures which in the present crisis, it may be found expedient to adopt, to maintain good order, the protection of life and property, and the connexion now happily existing between this Colony and the British Kingdom, at present put in jeopardy by the machination of a disorganizing and revolutionary faction within this Province, professedly bent on their destruction.' Knowing well the value of your time, and of your general acquaintance with the proceedings, the 'sayings and doings' of the party to which allusion has been made ... a party which I regret to say, has risen into power, strength, and by the timid, ill-advised, ill judged, and to borrow a word from one solemnity in our proceedings, and when of the flags which I see before me, 'vacilthey are concluded, that you will peaceably lating policy, which has for some years and quietly return to your respective homes. past characterized the Colonial Department; I will endeavour to limit my observations within a very narrow compass, because I shall undoubtedly be succeeded by gentlemen, much better qualified than I rounds of applause. am, to explain to you in detail the objects of the meeting. You are aware, my fellowcitizens, that those differences of opinion unfortunately existing for some years past between the House of Assembly and the other branches af the Local Legislature, & ernment, pervading to a very considerable eternity obliterate from our tensor whether he approach you in the shape of the grown to anticipate and prevent the commission of the ignorant, sycophantic, and deluded pars between that body and the Imperial Govextent the whole population of the province, arising from its fiscal concerns, disvince, arising from its fiscal concerns, disference of origin question, and other causes, may be threatened, and that by the machinunnecessary for me to detail....have lately ations of a disorganizing and revolutionary falsehood, who, incapable of enjoying the quired...we might have enjoyed him longer.

assumed a character, altogether incompating faction in this province, acting partly by freedom of his own country, is only fit to Had his first petition to the Parent Gov ble with the stability of social order and means of the turbulence and excitement of be the corrupt and willing tool of a disorthem more conspicuous for their talents, cial and moral order have been shaken, the than, judging from their actions and government has been brought into contempt, opinions, the soundness of their principles, and the connection between this province they can be neither good citizens nor true destroyed. patriots.....all of them apparently imbued with a mortal hatred of British supremacy, which ought to be their pride and their boast ;...under the specious plea of Reform, and resistance to tyranny and oppression, which exists only in their own heated imaginations, are industriously and perseveringly endeavoring to sap the allegiance, and to weaken the confidence of their honest and hitherto peaceably disposed, but credulous fellow countrymen, in the justice and benignity of the British Government, and, if I am rightly informed, by the most absurd misrepresentations, and incredible stories, engendering rancour and animosity in their minds, against all those whose views and opinions are opposed These to their own nefarious designs. prejudiced, and I am sorry to add, disloyal at present assembled is of a character so men, with reform on their lips, but treason and revolution in their hearts; by means of meetings throughout the province, at which are delivered the most inflammatory speeches, assailing alike the Altar, the Throne and the Bench; having at their command a venal and licentious press, promulgating with impunity doctrines of a most seditious and disorderly nature, utterly at variance with the duty and respect which they owe to the legal and constituted authorities of the land, have caused great excitement in the public mind, and aroused and inflamed the vicious passions of the multitude in several sections of the province, leading to a contempt of the laws, and ending in excesses in many instances. This excitement and bad feeling have especially manifested themselves in the cities, partic ularly in our own. Large bodies of men unprincipled and seditious faction, backed have assembled and paraded the streets in the dead of night-and if report is to be credited, many of them armed. Emboldened by their success-they have openly on the Sabbath day collected in considerable numbers, and made a semblance of learning and practising military manœuvres, and Judging from the public declarations of their organs, -all this is not certainly for any loyal, or legal purpose, but very apt to lead to breaches of the peace, riot and bloodshed. As to a general rising against the Government by the mass of the population ... still trust under the influence of their venerable and respected pastors, and obedience to the laws, I think there are no grounds for alarm,....but under the circumstances and from the causes I have mentioned, there being reason to apprehend partial disturbs ances, it seems necessary, and proper, that all loyal and well disposed citizens, of all origins and all creeds, who wish to maintain good government, law, and good order, should for that purpose unite and form themselves into ward and sectional

not, for a moment, encourage in your breasts, the growth of any other than the most brotherly feeling, towards the great body of our fellow subjects of French or other origins, who may honestly differ in opinion with us, respecting any of the mea sures or acts of Government, whether Imperial or Colonial. We must admit, their constitutional right to meet & discuss such measures, and to petition and remonstrate against them, if they feel or fancy themselves aggrieved; but any and all of them who overstep the bounds prescribed by the laws in doing so, who ontrage the feelings of loval and well disposed and peaceable citizens by overt acts, verging on rebellion ought to be made to understand, that such conduct cannot be longer permitted with impunity. We are, all of us, I am persuad ed, at the call of loyalty and of duty, ready to make any sacrifice in maintaining the legitimate authority of our young and beauteous Queen over this important portion of her Empire. With reference to our local concerns, about which principally we are met to day, I hope you will come to the determination of placing yourselves in a position and an attitude calculated to repress insult and disorder from whatever quarter arising. In conclusion, my friends, I take leave to recommend regularity and

Committees of vigilance and safety, that by

organization, and concentration, they may

be prepared to put down, or assist in put-

ing to an infraction of the law, by which

prudential and defensive character. I can-

he adonted than those of a purely

The Hon. Chairman was frequently and saluted at its conclusion with three hearty The first Resolution was moved by W. Ritchie, Esq. and seconded by John Jones, poses perseveringly sought after by dasign

Sen. Esq., as follows:-Resolved 1 .- That all citizens have an origin, I deem it my duty on this public suppression and punishment of disorder, to the seductive whisperings of the traitor my personal knowledge he was less careful

happiness-injurious to the prosperity and public meetings, at which the most unpeace, and security, of the whole commu- founded and inflammatory speeches are denity, and aiming at the annihilation of Bri- livered, and partly through the medium of tish authority in the Colony. A number a licentious press which inundates the proof individuals, from disappointed ambi- vince with slander and sedition, public feeltion and other evil motives....many of ing has been excited, the foundation of soeither religious or moral, without which and the mother country attempted to be

Campbell Sweeny, Esq. Advocate, then appeared in front of the hustings, and was warmly greeted by the numerous assemblage before him. He spoke nearly as follows, but it is impossible for us to give an adequate idea to those who were not present, of the poetry depicted in the gestures and countenance of the speaker, which gave a charm to the eloquent flow of his language, of which no report can convey an adequate impression, but which appeared to be duly appreciated by his hearers, who frequently interrupted him with their plau-

Mr. Sweeny said: Gentlemen-I have been requested to speak to this resolution, and I hold it to be

a fortunate circumstance both for yourselves

and me, that the object for which you are

plain and so easily to be comprehended,

that I would deem it an unjustifiable ex-

penditure of your precious time, were I to

address you at any length. I shall, therefore, confine myself to a brief exposition of the causes which have led to the deplorable effects so emphatically set forth in this resolution, and which have called into existence this vast assemblage of citizens Gentlemen, since you last met together in thousands on this ground, the work of disorganization and revolution has been rapidly progressing. The Canadian inhabitants of this province, in themselves a vir tuous, contented and happy, but unfortunately in the mass, an uneducated race have been assailed at all points with every argument and by every means calculated to excite and disturb the minds of men, by an by a bired and licentious press, blinded by passion and prejudice, madly bent on revolution, and fostered and encouraged by the conciliatory policy, and enervated action of an inefficient executive. These men freed from all restraint have triumphantly paraded round this unhappy province vomiting forth undisguised treason, and on false representations of the most malicious character urging the French Canadians to arm, throw off their allegiance and rush into an open revolt. Is it not, therefere, natural when in the language of this resolution the foundations of social and moral order have been thus shaken, Her Majesty's Government thus brought into contempt and the connexion between this province and the mother country thus sought to be destroyed, that the minds of honest and true men should have become excited and alarmed? It is with the view of tranquillizing the public mind, with the view of allaying this natural but in truth substantially unfounded cause of excitement & alarm, that this meeting has been called. I say substantially unfounded because no man familiar with the history of this colony, or who has looked with a searching and critical eye into the present position of affairs in this province, could for a moment be lieve that the treasonous and rebellious efforts of that faction would ever be crowned with success, or that the leaders of that faction did themselves believe that such would be the result; but on the contrary he would give to those efforts their true meaning and character, namely, a cunning ly devised, and with grief we must admit, hitherto, too successful scheme of intimi dation, concocted for them by paid and disappointed demagogues on the other side of the water, by which they hope to force from the home government concessions altogether at variance with our ideas of good government, and, as we believe, utterly destructive of the peace and welfare of this province, concessions which if favourably entertained, would indeed lead to revoluit not, therefore, in the present crisis become the duty of all loyal and well disposed subjects, of all those who would maintain order and good government, constitutionally to unite in adopting such measures as under Heaven, would be calculated to arrest so great a calamity befalling this pro. vince? Such measures will be introduced to your notice by those who follow me, based upon a thorough system of local organization, by which aggression and violence from without may be prevented, and peace and tranquillity within maintained. cannot suppose that there exists a man of British or Irish origin in this province whose character is worth preserving, who will not join heart and hand in such a system of organization, for so sacred a purpose. The mendacious press of the facloudly cheered during his speech, and was tion, vauntingly proclaim that some of my countrymen are with them. God forbid! I do not believe it! but as I know, my countrymen, that you are for selfish pur-

ing traitors of both French and foreign

ganizing faction, madly goading forward their deluded victims to rebellion, & fiendishly regardless of the confusion, anarchy and utter destruction of all their happiness, with which their success would overwhelm them; but rather listen to the voice of your loyal and virtuous Pastors. Listen to the dictates of your own hearts, for your hearts are sound, notwithstanding that some of you have for a moment been wandering from the path of duty; and never let it be said that the lovalty, honor, and chivalric feeling of Irishmen, which has characterised us in every quarter of the globe, and which did not desert us under the most trying circumstances at home, has been tarnished in the persons of Irishmen in a British colony. Never let it be said that Irishmen would desert the banner of our young and lovely Queen, to seek disgrace and infamy under the shadow of the tricolor. The Irish blood which now boils in my veins, the thick pulsations of my heart inform my mind that such disgrace will never fall upon a true son of Erin, and convinces me on the contrary, that Irishmen will be true to themselves, true to their allegiance, true to their young Queen, and staunch supporters of the Constitution. In conclusion, gentlemen, let me impress upon your minds the necessity for active and persevering co-operation in the measures of local organization, about to be offered for your consideration, in order that this province may be embraced as it were in a cordon of British and Irish hearts, determined to support law, order, and the constitution, and thus dispelling threatened evil, let us look forward to times of better and brighter promise, when we may bound onward in a career of prosperity and happiness, equal to that which, under the wise, moderate and firm administration of Sir Francis Bond Head (who is determined alike to redress all real grievances, to maintain the constitution of his province inviolate, and the honor and dignity of the Crown from which he derives his authority unsullied,) is now dawning on our sister province; and may we soon hope to see the day when the reign of sedition will be at an end, and all classes of her Majesty's subjects within this province of whatsoever origin, discarding for ever all distinction and prejudice, may dwell together in perfect peace and harmony. I now take my leave of this formidable meeting-formidable from its numerical strength, its respectability, and the moral influence with which it will force itself on the councils of her Majesty's Empire, and more formidable still, from the terror which it is calculated to strike into the heart of every traitor.

(To be continued.)

An Extract from a Sermon preached by the Rev. Mr. Whitwell, in St. Paul's Church, St. Ar-

Concluded. A further honor in the Church awaited him.....for it is an incontrovertible truth, He that humbleth himself shall be exalted'...and after about eighteen years spent in the Missionary field, continually going about doing good in a variety of ways, ... according to promise, as we know, and emphatically we may pronounce, according to Divine Providence, on the demise of the first Bishop of this too extensive See, the Hon, and Right Reverend Dr. Mountain, to his ministry, and they blessing God for a man of polite education, an eloquent man and mighty in the Scriptures'-the Hon. and Rev. Dr. Stewart was raised to the Bench of Bishops; and from our own observation, and personal knowledge, most of us can testify to the truth of his continuing to go about doing good in his new and high sphere, as Bishop of these prosperous Provinces. Could the Apostles say of their Divine master, 'We are witnesses of all things which he did in the land of Judea and in Jerusalem?' So origin would of necessity have the work of can we say of our Apostolic Bishop, We such revolution forced upon them. Does are witnesses of all things which he did in Canada, more particularly in the Seigniory of St. Armand, and in the Eastern Townships. But to proceed with our sketch The circumstance just stated, as it was reasonable to expect, gave general satisfaction both to the clergy and laity; and the clergy....to almost all of whom he was personally or intimately known...tendered their new Bishop congratulatory addresses on the occasion, not as a stranger...such a character comports not with the wants of a new country, when one conversant with it for a long series of years, eminently qualified, and trained, as it were, for the high office, is on the spot...but as a long-tried and esteemed friend, who had already grown grey, Ah! and almost worn out in the service of the church. Short, however, was his career as Prelate, but it was prosperous, and would have been more so, had withheld its accustomed support. Had in that celestial world, where friendship ernment, which consists not merely in the caution. Irishmen, incline not your ears suppression and punishment of disorder, to the seductive which tricks of the traited accustomed support. Had in that celestial world, where the paid more attention to his health—for to cannot die, nor the ever rolling ages of the traited accustomed support. Had in that celestial world, where the paid more attention to his health—for to cannot die, nor the ever rolling ages of the traited accustomed support.

ernment for a Suffragan or assistant Bishop been immediately granted, he might have been still at the head of our churches in the Canadas, and we might have seen his face again in the flesh at more than anos ther triennial visitation. But we will not ...dare not murmur. He is gone to the grave, and we will not deplore him. Our loss, great as it is, is his gain. He is gone to the grave more full of labors than of years...for he was but 62...pressed down with infirmities and pains, induced by hard continued toil, mental anxiety, and the most serious and oppressive cares for the welfare of his beleved Canadian churches ! But, blessed be God! though he was not so full of years as he might have been, we cannot doubt that he was full of grace, and ripe, like a shock of matured corn, to be gathered into the heavenly garner! His zealous courage was great, more

resembling the sun when struggling with

steady effort, as it were, to send forth his

rays through a foggy and dense atmospherer

to spread light, warmth, and life through

all creation, than the meteor's sudden glare

which exists during but the fraction of a moment. A single instance will illustrate this trait in his character. When some friend attempted to dissuade him from going to a certain part of this province, from its being notorious for various kinds of wicks edness, he is said to have replied, 'That is the very reason why I ought to go there!' And where, it may be asked, did he go, and by the blessing of God upon his laboria ous exertions to do good, the wilderness did not begin to 'blosom like the rose,' and was adorned more or less with the buds and the bloom of moral virtue and Religion? In what rugged places did he plant the standard of the cross, and the rough places did not become smooth, and the rugged places even ? In other words, did he not openly set his face like a flint against every species of vice and immerality among the people, exhorting them both publicly and privately, and from house to house, to turn from their sins lest miquity should prove their ruin, to turn unto righteousness by exercising repentance towards God and faith towards our Lord Jesus Christ? Often and often again have I heard this very expression from his lips: often and often again have many of you, my friends, heard the same expression from those lips which will speak to you no more, till, perhaps, the day of judgment, when, should any who sat under his faithful mine istrations be found at the left hand of the Judge, he may speak to clear his soul of their blood! while to those of his hearers who savingly received the Gospel from his mouth, he will present them to his God and their God with, Behold me, Lord, and the children thou hast given me!' when mutual rejoicings will be echoed through the high vault of heaven; he preising God and the Lamb for giving him so many seals having made him the honored instrument of their salvation. While both parties will ascribe the grace and the power, and the kingdom, and the glory to the Lamb that was slain, and had redeemed them unto God by his blood, in unison with the whole heavenly multitude, as described by St. John the divine. Rev. xiv. 2, 3, 'And I heard a voice from heaven, as the voice of many waters, and as the voice of a great thunder; and I heard the voice of harpers harping with their harps; and they singing as it were a new song before the throne, and before the four beasts, and the elders: and no man could learn that song but the hundred and forty and four thousand which were redeemed from the earth.' Thus, my brethren, we have done what

we could in giving a sketch of the character of our beloved Bishop, who, in humble imitation of the divine Saviour, 'went about doing good.' Much has been omitted in the sketch; perhaps a tenth part only has been said, of what might be advanced, in his favor. Let, however, what has been now spoken, together with what has been left unsaid, in his praise, be ascribed to the grace of God in Christ Jesus, which made him such 'a burning and a shining light: let it be transcribed on our hearts and exhibited in our lives. This will best shew our esteem of his departed worth. Most of us with thousands of others, shall forget him only when we die; and after death, we hope to renew our friendship with him

R. W-Philipsburgh, October, 1337.

For the Missiskoui Standard. THE FIRE SIDE-No. 46.

As a part of very useful reading, duri ng the long winter evenings, I must again renew my recommendation of the Religious Periodical, published weekly at Cobourg, Upper Canada, that if by any means I may prevail on some of my reads ers to take that paper. Without exception, 'THE Church' is the best of the kind within my know-

If it is not well supported, the reason must be, either that people are not made acquainted with its merits,...or if they are, and do not see fit to give it their patronage, they do not love to see for themselves. Self-preservation is the the doctrines of christianity under the amiable first of all Laws. It is an instinct of hugarb of Apostolic purity and simplicity,...or that they have no taste for the most judicious selections, and most attractive pieces of original composition, without the least tincture, in matter, form or expression, of uncharitableness, or the biting flippancy of sarcasm, the bane of all com- ing and maturing measures for self-defence, position, where the passions of the writer are not and self-preservation. Accordingly, selfregulated by love to God and man. Here, 'the preservation was the law of that numerous words of truth and soberness' shine conspicuous, in a dress which it becomes the religion of Jesus and so, the resolutions which were then to wear. He who does not take in this judicious paper, after knowing what it is, may deserve the praise of exercising a great deal of intellectual selfdenial, but it is a praise which I do not wish to seen, do honor to both the heads and the

Three gentlemen, residing in this province, the Rev. Editor informs us, have returned ' THE CHURCH' refused. What a pity that the very prudent gentlemen had not so much of the spirit of laudible curiosity moving in them as to cast an eye over its columns! I am sure if they had, and at the same time had minds, sense and judgment enough to appreciate its merits, they would have eagerly bid it 'God speed.' They do not know how much they have, by their refusal, denied

If they have not read Mr. Colton's Book they would in ' The Church' have met with a review of its contents, from an English publication, that could hardly have failed to give them pleasure. In speaking of this book, it is but bare justice to say that it is extraordinary of its kind,...on the most contraverted subjects, yet beyond comparison the freest from all provoking expressions, ... every where breathing the spirit of kindness towards all whom he had reason to believe held opinions opposed to his own. I would recommend it to every one who intends to leave the denomination, of which he had long been a member, with a view to oin another, to read Mr. Colton's Book, that he may learn to be a wise convert.

The readers of 'The Church' were lately treated with a delightful account of the good, old and pious George Herbert. It were well if modern christians were better acquainted with the writings of such masters in Israel! We had also a beautiful piece, singularly happy in thought and expression, on ' the eloquence of our Lord's discourses, by J. H. But why need I enumerate? It is a casket of Jewels, which I honestly recommended when I saw but the first seven numbers; and now that I have seen it to the number of eightcen, I feel no inclination to retract. I would therefore say to all, give it a trial, and if you do not like it, just try, if you can produce a better

The last number contains an address that had precious monument to his memory. When he opposed to each other; when he left them, at the measures been adopted in time, neither end of about two years, he left them ' united and ternative would have ever arisen. full of harmony and good will one towards another,' What a grand encomium is here bestowed on departed worth ! Every one, from the fact that it was awarded by the people themselves, may know that it was no more than the language of truth: To be distinguished, in this world of red hot for war, in bodily fear. A whole strife and contention, as a peace-maker a com parish have sworn the peace against a single is a rare character. But our friend was also his agreeable, engaging manners as a christian gentleman. At his death, a meeting was held by his numerous friends in Montreal to honor his memory, but what they did to shew their respect, whom the peace must be sworn.....for whom I do not remember. There is, however, a weak-

bussed, betrayed, but still devoted wife of Clark, who is under sentence to the State Prison, went to the Jait this forenoon to take leave of her convict husband, who was don't the Jain this forenoon to take leave of her convict husband, who was admitted to his cell, and after an hour's interview retired apparently overpowered with grief. With her face buried in her 'kerchief to 'hide the tears she did not shed,' she passed out unquestioned, and the half hour afterwards, upon a closer examination, the turnkey found that Clark, in the wardrobe of his wife, had fied, leaving her in the cell as hostage! The whole posse of Sheriff & Constables were instant
**PHRAIM WHEELER, 24. Moyan, Oct. 23, 1837.

**South of the constables were instant
with dothed business. One of their own Elijah Rice, to whom it purported to be payable, sex is at the helm. They will never desert ber. Bellijah Rice, to whom it purported to be payable, the hab for her possession, having been shewn to Elijah Rice, to whom it purported to be payable, the hab for her possession, having been shewn to be payable, the hab for her possession, having been shewn to be payable, the chart of the converting received her. A competent judge has declared there is not a radicals. A competent judge has declared there is not a radicals. A competent judge has declared there is not a radicals. A competent judge has declared there is not a radicals. A competent judge has declared there is not a radical woman in Upper Canada, between Cornwal and Sandwich.

**North of the machine cast letter handly general exhibits a term of the late Dr. GEORGE W. JACKSON, the appeared on the public, that he has leaved to the hat busines cast per firm the cent had not state the public, that he has leaved to the hat busines cast per form and cunder the firm of white public, that he has leaved to the hat public state of the hat Dr. GEORGE W. JACKSON, 1011, 1021, 10

ly mustered, and are in full cry after the fugitive Albany Journal.

MISSISKOUI STANDARD.

FRELIGHSBURG, OCT. 31, 1837.

We have in this day's paper commenced to lay before our attentive readers so much of the proceedings of the Constitutional meeting, held in Montreal, on the 23d, as our limits will allow. The remainder will follow. The Resolutions & Speeches speak man nature. The proceedings of the revolutionists have been, for some time past, of such a nature, as to force on the loyal subjects of the Queen, the necessity of adoptand all-powerful assemblage of loyal men; passed are such as the present crisis demands. The speeches, so far as we have hearts of the eloquent speakers. But when they are read, our intelligent countrymen will judge for themselves.

Un the same day a meeting of five counties was held at St. Charles by the Revolutionists, & Papineau, the-would-be-prince of rebels, at their head. We have no certain information, with regard either to the number present, or to the precise nature of Charles and St. Char On the same day a meeting of five counnumber present, or to the precise nature of the resolutions that were adopted; and conjectures are worse than useless. What the Government is doing to suppress the progress of disaffection, we suppose is too good to be known. Rebellious flags are openly hoisted—seditious, inflammatory harangues premises are openly and boldly delivered, yet we are not aware of any thing done to check them, but merely the cancelling of a few commissions. If the present whig radical ministry of England had no more to answer for than the system of policy which they have adopted for the Government of this Province, it would be sufficient to hold them up to the execration of posterity. They have not, as yet, adopted a single measure for the suppression of rebellion. They do, in fact, Department of Woods & Forests.

Quebec, 10th Oct. 1837.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given, that a Sale of Licences to cut Timber upon the appropriated Ciergy Reserves, with the exception of those in the Townships of Arthabaska, Stanfold, Bulswichen we have money enough of our own?

What greater proofs could they have given that they fear the blustering bravados of Monsieur Papineau? The Revolutions ists find that their threats are felt by the Ministry, and are therefore. as the event proves, encourage it. Had ists find that their threats are felt by the Ministry, and are therefore encouraged to Non-enumerated Timber at the rate of £10, on every £100, of its estimated value. proceed. They find they can intimidate, been presented by the inhabitants of Queenston, in 1822, to the late Rev. B. B. Stevens, who died a few years ago in Montreal. I knew that gentlea few years ago in Montreal. I knew that gentleman when he was living, and sincerely honoured him for his learning, eloquence, zeal and picty, but especially for his amiable spirit, and kind, friendly disposition. The address before us is a Government. It is evident that he, and friendly disposition. The address before us is a Government. It is evident that he, and voluntarily offered his services to the inhabitants perhaps a few more, must either conquer of Queenston, they were, as the address informs England, or be subdued by England, and us 'a mixed and disjointed congregation,' 'and then die the death of traitors. Had proper guages:

Well now, who has ever heard of such a prodigy as Madame Prevost? Why, truly, she has put a whole parish of men poser of differences—a reconciler of jarring spirits. woman!!! That beats all nature. It is the romance of real life. Imagination, wild distinguished as a preacher of great, commanding talents. During the time he was in Montreal, and licentious as it is, in the vaguries of as Chaplain to the Forces, he was honored by all the novelist, never could have placed, even for his varied talents, his zeal, his virtues, and in the regions of Utopia, a woman like Madame Prevost :- a woman that could put a whole Parish in bodily fear !- against security must be taken that she will not of sight, out of mind.' The best will soon be annihilate the whole Parish !!! The Lady forgotten, when they are once put under ground. is a heroine....but what are the men? Sad The fault of the days of old was that they remems presage to the mad designs of traitors ! bered the dead too well. Our fault is the reverse. In case of need many such brave Ladies like the flower of the field-it passes away. But will yet show themselves. We have a J. R.

The Queen and our rights. Hurra, boys. A woman has frightened a whole Parish of rebels! Be men—be united, and you have nothing to fear. If you hesitate, the women bused, betrayed, but still devoted wife of Clark, who is under sentence to the State Prison, went to the Jail this forenoon to take leave of her convict husband, who was to start for Sing Sing this afternoon. She was admitted to his cell, and after an hour's interview experience, they hope to be able to give satisfaction to all who may favor them with their orders.

The Queen and our rights. Hurra, boys. A woman has frightened a whole Parish of him by them than the surrender of the spurious Note, which the public had, by the undersigned from purchase of fine price of the edious, so unhealthy process of casting type by hand a desideratum by the European founders, was by American ingenuity, and a heavy expenditure of time and money on the part of our senting type by hand a desideratum by the European founders, was by American ingenuity, and a heavy expenditure of time and money on the part of our senting type by hand a desideratum by the European founders, was by American ingenuity, and a heavy expenditure of time and money on the part of our senting type by hand a desideratum by the European founders, was by American ingenuity, and a heavy expenditure of time and money on the part of our senting type by hand a desideratum by the European founders, the price of the was all spurious Note, which the public had, by the undersigned for him by them than the surrender of the spurious Note, which the public had, by the undersigned for him by them than the surrender of the spurious Note, increasing type by hand a desideratum by the European founders, the left of the part of our sent intention. The letter down has been received of him by them than the surrender of the spurious Note, increasing type by hand a desideratum by the European founders, the part of our sent in the rediction of machinery in the place of the him by them than the surrender of the sp blessed are those who die in the Lord. God beautiful young Queen, who would not be

Wainwright's PREMIUM Cooking-Stoves

A General assortment of the above highly improved COOKING-STOVES, just received and for Sale on liberal terms, by

W. W. SMITH. October 31st 1837.

Montreal Prices Current.

Withitean	1 110					-
ASHES per cwt.		S	d		8	d
Pearls		30	0	-	33	3
Pots		27	9	-	28	0
FLOUR per barre	1.					
Superfine (5 %)	45	0	-	00	0
Superfine Stranger Superfine Middlings Polleras		40	0	-	41	3
Middlings 2 2		37	6	-	0	0
Pollards)			nor	e	
Oat meal per cw	t	14	0	-	I5	0
Wheat L. C.red.	per mi	n. 8	0	-	0	0
Oats .	1	I	10	-	2	0
Peas boiling		4	6	Grand	5	0
Indian Corn		3	ŏ	-	3	9
PRDVISIONS						
Beef, mess per bar.			none			
	ar	00	0	11011	50	0
Prime mess .	•	00			40	6
Prime		00			37	6
Cargo · ·		110			120	-
Pork mess .					0	0
Prime mess .	0	92		-	00	
Prime		72		-		0
Cargo .		60	0	Constitution	62	6
Butter (Salt] in	firkins	0	8	-	0	3
	- CONTRACTOR			apraide visua		-

Notice.

Churchville. 20th Oct., 1837.

N. B. WANTED, GOOD Cedar Kails,

to be delivered the ensuing winter on the above

Notice.

To Whom it may Concern ! Note given by me to JACOB COOK, Note given by me to JACOB COOK, Esq. of Brome, for Fifty Dollars, payable in Neat Cattle in this present month, has been paid in full; and, therefore, whoever buys said note buys an article of no value.

BENJAMIN REYNOLDS. St. Armand, 21st October, 1837. V3-28tf

OFFICE OF CROWN LANDS.

CONDITIONS.

Book-Binding

BLANK BOOK MANUFAC TURING.

THE Subscribers respectfully offer their sers vices to the public in the above business. Old books re bound, pamphlets, periodicals, news papers, &c. &c. bound to order on short notice and on reasonable terms, in a manner not to be beat in this vicinity. Blank-Books of every description ruled to pattern and bound to order. All orders sent by mail or otherwise will

meet with prompt attention. HUNTINGTON & LYON. College Street, Burlington, Vt.

LL persons are hereby cautioned against pur chasing a certain Promissory Note in favor

JAMES GILLIN,

and signed by the subscribers for the sum of about \$73,60,

PRIZE MEDALS.

THE NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY of Montreal offers four PRIZE MEDALS for the four best ESSAYS that may be presented on any of the following subjects:—

1 On the subsidiary sources of historical knowledge.

2 On the connection between local circumstances and national character.

stances and national character.

3 On the St. Francis or any other considerastances and hatcomes and other considera-3 On the St. Francis or any other considera-ble river of the Eastern Townships, from source to mouth, its navigation, its water powers, its inhthyology, with the scenery, statistics, geology & mneralogy of banks.

4 On the mines of Canada, with a description of those now worked, and their relative produc-

5 On the ichthyology of the Canadas.
6 On the medical statistics of the city of Montreel.
7 On the

Montreal.
7 On the species of the genus Pinus, indigenous to the Cauaeas, their habitats and habitudes, uses and mercantile value.
8 On the geology of any district of the Canadas, from original observation.

The conditions are:—
Ist The Essays shall be presented on or before the 20th of February, 1835.
2d The Essay may be in French or Eng-

3 The names and residence of the Authors must be concealed; to ensure which, each Essay shall have a motto, and shall be accompanied by a sealed note superscribed with the same motto, and containing the name and residence of the author. This note shall only be opened in the case of the Essay being declared worthy of a Prize; otherwise it shall be destroyed.

4th The successful Essay shall remain the property of the Society.

5th The Society reserves to itself the right to withhold the Prize, should no one of the Essays on any particular subject appear deserving of it.

The Essays to be addressed to J. S. M'Cord, Esq. Corresponding Secretary of the Society.

The medals will be of Gold, Silver, or Bronze, according as the Committee who shall be appointed for the purpose, shall decide on the merits of the successful Essays.

A. HALL, M. D. 3 The names and residence of the Authors

A. HALL, M. D. Recording Secretary.

June 15, 1837.

Notice.

The Members of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of the Counties of Missiskoui & Rou ille, are hereby notified that the sum of TEN ville, are hereby notified that the sum of TEN PER CENT, upon each and every premium Note dated previous to 23d July last, is required to be paid to the Treasurer of said Company, within thirty days from the date hereof, according to the 17th Sec. of the Act, authorizing the establishment of Mutual Fire Insurance Companies in this Province.

By order of the Directors, C. ROBERTS, Sec'y.
Philipsburg, October 17, 1837. V3 27—3 w

The following percons were chosen Directors

ANTHONY RHODES,
A. CHAPMAN,
J. SELBY,
ABEL ADAMS,
HIR AM COREY,
LAUNSON FORD,
P. P. RUSSFLL,

P. RUSSFLL, W. SMITH,

Full Cloth For Sale.

HE Subscriber would inform the public, that he has on hand at his Factory, a good

Full Cloths

of almost all colors, which he offers for sale very tow for CASH, Wholesale or Retail. Those wishing to purchase a good article, will do well to call and examine both quality and prices best to call and examine both quality and prices best to call and examine both quality and prices best to be made on board the Princess Victoria. to call and examine fore purchasing elsewhere.

OMIE LAGRANGE.

V3-57tf

Land Agent and Accountant.

HE undersigned begs to intimate having also commenced the first of the above brane RFThe several Newspapers published in this Province, are requested to give the above advers tisement three insertions in their respective Lans

tion, he proposes to act only as a medium, through whom the seller can advertise cheaply and effi-ciently, and the buyer be guided in his choice. In accordance with this view he has opened

BOOKS OF REGISTRY

in which descriptions of property for SALE or to LET in town or throughout the country will be inserted. These will be open to the inspection of Emigrants and others (gratis,) every exertion being made to increase the publicity of the plan.

The Charge for registering for the first three

onths will be 10s. when not more than three distinct properties are included in one description; when over that D5: for succeeding quarters half these amounts. The same in every case payable in advance, and all communications to be post When the parties are not known, satisfactory references as to the correctness of the descriptions will be required.

JAMES COURT. Montreal 21st. August 1837. St Joseph Street (near the wharf.)

TO PRINTERS.

WHITE & W. HAGAR, respectfully inform the printers of the United States, to whom they have been individually known as established Let. ter Fonnders that they have formed a copartner-ship in said business, and from their united skill and extensive experience, they hope to be able to give satisfaction to all who may favor them with

To Let,

OR one year, and possession given on the first of April next, the

L'avern Stand,

situated at Churchville, in the Township of Dunham, belonging to the Estate and succession of the late Captain John Church, jr. and consort, being the same farm and buildings now under lease to and occupied by Mr. A. BARNEY. The use and occupancy of the aforesaid premises will be sold to the highest bidder at
Public Auction,

at Churchville, on Saturday the 20th day of Oct. instant, at two o'clock afternoon, and the person Leasing the same will be bound to give good and sufficient security for payment of rent, and that no waste or deterioration takes place, and also to keep a respectable House of Public entertainment. Terms to be made known at the time and place of sale, or on application to either

of the undersigned at any time previous.

J. CHAMBERLIN, Executors
S. WOOD, & Tutors.
Churchville, 4th October, 1837. V3 26—2w

GRAIN, FLOUR, SALT, IRON, HARDWARE,

Groceries Dry Goods!

HE Subscribers beg leave to inform their Friends and the Public generally, that they have on hand, and particularly at their

NEW STORES,

St. Joseph Street, opposite the Presbyterian Meeting House, a New and Camplete Assortment of the above Articles, which they offer Wholesale and Retail, at the Montreal prices. As they have lately entered into the Grain and FLOUR BUSINESS, they would particularly request Merchants and others to call, as they feel confident that their Stock, for variety and quality, is

not surpassed by any in the Trade.

JOHN THOMSON & Co.

Laprairie, Aug. 21st, IS37.

N. B. Orders from the Country punctually attended to; and Goods for the Townships and vicinity, delivered at the Railroad Store free of

Champlain and Saint Lawrence Railroad NEW ARRANGEMENT. on MONDAY next, the Ilth instant,

and until further notice. From Montreal.
Princess Victoria. From Laprairie. Cars, by Locomotive.
10 o'clock, A. M. 9 o'clock, A. M.

12½ ' P. M. 4 ' P. M. From Laprairie. Princess Victoria. From St. Johns. Cars, by Locomotive.
9 o'clock, A. M.
1 P.M.

6 1-2 o'clock, A. M. 10 1-2 'A. M. Quarter past 2, P. M. From St. Johns.

Cars, by Locomotive.

8 o'clock, A. M.

2 P. M. From Montreal.

Princess Victoria. 10 o'clock, A. M.

The public will take notice, that in order to prevent those losses, mistakes and vexatious delays which must arise, unless due order and regularity be observed in the receiving and delivering of freight, the Company will strictly adhere to the following regulations:
1st. - All freight intended to cross the Rail-

road or Ferry must be delivered at either end of the Line, half an hour before the regular time of ands.

Believing that satisfactory transfers of real eships in starting at the periods advertised, and to allow 2d .- No freight wil be considered as delivered

3d.—Freight from Montreal for Laprairie will be delivered on the Company's wharf, and must

be removed with all despatch. 4th.—Freight from Montreal to St. Johns, and not intended for Lake Champlain, will be deliv vered at the Station House. 5th .- Freight from St. Johns for Laprairie

will be delivered at the Station House. 6th .- Freight for Montreal will be considered as delivered on the wharf, due notice being given

of its arrival to the owner or consignee.

Montreal, Sent. 5. V3 22—6w.

A Card.

RS. BELLAMY, on retiring from the Commercial Hotel, begs to acknowledge her obligation to those who have so liberally patronized this Establishment, while under her charge, and trusts, that under the management of her successor, Mr. JOHN BAKER, it will continue to receive that share of public support which she feels confident his exertions will Montreal, May 13, 1837.

Commercial



There is no Sabbath to the rebel tooth.

Nay, start not, friend, nor quake with horror more,

I've pass'd the anguish and the cure before,
Long days and nights I bore tormenting pain,
And wept inglorious o'er the happy plain,
Though Nature smiled—my head, my heart

was sad.

Sertion se
Above sertion, a tion.

A liber the year.

Advert

was sad,
And all around me—but myself—was glad.
Fool that I was, so tur ely to endure,
Day after day, what Nature could not cure;
At last when Patience died, and Hope had fled,
I sought the Dentist in his bloody shed,
But when his awful talons met my sight,
My soul recoiled with horror and affright,
With nameless pangs I took the dreadful floor,
A jerk—a shriek—a crash—and all was o'er.

Go, suffering friend, and seek this last relief, Though keen the pang, its terror is but brief; Thy nerves brace firmly like the moveless rock, Thy heart prepare to bear the parting shock; Let no soft words, no coward's weak delay, Unnerve thy soul, or tempt thy feet astray; With fruitless sorrow mourn not Nature's law, But spurn the rebel from thy aching jaw. J. W. N.

Parisian Lovers .- A mutual passion had been formed between a young clerk of Paris and Madame B., a married lady residing near St. German, who, though near the age of 40 was still handsome. The clerk a few mornings back, paid a visit to the lady, and informed her that he was about to travel for ten months, but was resolved not to go without her; and on her objecting to elope with him, declared that if by five o'clock in the afternoon he did not receive from her a promise to accompany him, he would come again to the house, & if certain signals were not answered, he would ring the bell. Should this bring her husband to the door, the clerk assured her that he would first shoot him, and then destroy himself. Madame B., though under the greatest agony during the day, remained also, or at the office in Frelighsburg, all payments firm to her resolution. The appointed hour MUST be made. arrived, the signals were made and being unanswered, the bell was rung 'with great violence. M. B., rose to go to the door, but his wife threw herself at his feet, and entreated him not to stir, but he broke from her, and had his hand on the lock, when the report of a pistol was heard. On open-ing the door, M. B. stumbled over a dead body, the head of which, split by the contents of a pistol, was lying on the step. On seeing this horrible spectacle Madame B., who had followed her husband to the door, fell dead at his feet.

Notice.

ROBERT JONES ROBERT JONES, in the Village of Bedford, continues to be conducted by Mr.

ensuing Winter; seven pence half uadny per yard, payable at the St. Johns & Troy end of the year.

FLANNELS, all colors, Six pence per yard, eash down; seven pence half penny per yard, payable the ensuing Winter; nine pence per yard, payable at the end of the year.
CLOTH and most kinds of PRODUCE,

received in payment.
N. B. Mr. ENOCK WAIT, is employed to take charge of all cloth intended for the above Factory, and will return the same when dressed.
Bedford, August 29th, 1837.
V3 20 4w

RAIL-ROAD LINE



Mail Stages

FROM STANSTEAD-PLAIN

ST. JOHNS.

Messrs. CHANDLER, STEVENS, CLEMENT & Proprie-TUCK,

FARE 31-2 DOLLARS, 17s 6d. EAVES St. Johns, Wednesday and Saturday mornings, and arrives at Stanstead Plain

in the evening.

Leaves Stanstead Plain, Tuesday and Friday mornings, and arrives at St. Johns in the evening. Passengers from Stanstead, may, if they ple breakfast in Montreal the next morning. The he advantages of this new line are obvious.

TERMS.

Ten shillings currency per year, payable at the end of six months. If paid in advance Is. 3d. will be deducted. If delayed to the close of the year ls. 3d. will be added for every six months delay. Grain and most kinds of produce taken in

To mail subscribers the postage will be charged

No paper discontinued, except at the discretion of the publishers, until arrears are paid. RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Six lines and under, two srillings for the first insertion, and 6d. for every subsequent insertion. Above six lines and not exceeding ten, two selves before purchasing elsewhere. shillings and nine pence; every subsequent in-

sertion seven pence half penny.

Above ten lines, 3d. per line for the first insertion, and one penny for each subsequent inser

A liberal discount to those who advertise by Advertisements not otherwise ordered will be inserted till forbid in writing and charged accor-

STANDARD AGENTS, Hollis Robinson, Stukely. Samuel Maynard, Esq., Dunham, P. H. Moore, P. M., Bedford, Daniel Campbell, Pigeon-hill. Elihu Crossett, St. Armand. Dr. H. N. May, Philipsburg. Galloway Ereligh, Bedford.
Capt. Jacob Ruiter, Nelsonville, Dunham.
Albert Barney, P. M. Churchville. Abner Potter, Brome, Jacob Cook, P. M., Brome. P. H. Knowlton, Brome. Samuel Wood, M. P. P., Farnham. Whipple Wells, Farnham. Henry Boright, Sutton. Maj. Isaac Wilsey, Henrysburg. Henry Wilson, Lacole. Levi A. Coit, Potton. Capt. John Powell, Richford, Vermont. Nathan Hale, Troy. Albert Chapman, Caldwells' Manor. Horace Wells, Henryville, Allen Wheeler, Noyan. Daniel D. Salls, Esq. parish of St. Thomas E. M. Toof, Burlington, Vt. Euos Bartlett, jun., East part of Sutton.

William Keet, parish of St. Thomas, Persons wishing to become Subscribers to the Missiskoui Standard, will please to leave their

Notice.

. V. V. Hogle,

of St. Armand West, are requested to present them without delay; and all those indebted, to pay the amount of their respective debts to the subscriber.

WM. F. HOGLE, Executor. St. Armand West, July 31st, 1837. V3 17—3m.

New Firm



STAGE.

New Line of Stages has commenced run ning from St. Johns, L. C. to Troy Vt. along the vallies of the Pike and Missiskoui Rivers. At Troy it joins the Boston Line which passes through Barton, Haverill, Concord, and Lowell; at Barton intersecting the Montpelier, Danville and Stanstead Lines; the former passing through Hardwick.

sing through Hardwick.

This Line will leave St. Johns on Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings after breakfast, passing through the Grand Line, Stanbridge, Frelighsburg, Richford, Sutton and Potten, and arrive at Troy the same evening; and will leave Troy Tuesday, Thursday, & Saturday mornings at 4 o'clock & arrive at St. Johns, in summer, in time to take the afternoon Rail Road Cars to Montreal, & in winter, passengers will take the St. Johns and Montreal Stage.

The Proprietors, in addition to good Teams. &

The Proprietors, in addition to good Teams, & careful drivers, recommend this route to the public, as being the shortest, levelest, easiest, & most expeditious one, from Boston to Montreal, passing thro't hat section of country, which will be taken for the Rail Read, contemplated to connect the two Cities.

FARE-3 Dollars, each way. J CLARK, J.BALCH, C. ELKINS, A. SEARS, H. BORIGHT, H. M.CHANDLER, February, 1857.

NFORMATIGN Wanted of the time and SMITH died some time last Summer, and of the persons holding possossion of his property, who are hereby requested to communicate with the undersigned, the duly authorised Attorney of the lawful Heirs of the said Smith.

M. MORISON.

Quebec, 9th Febsuary, 1837. Upper Cauada Papers will please insert the above in their columns,

New Goods!!

UST received, a general assortment of New

Staple Aricles, which will be sold as low as at any other store in this section of the country. Persons wishing to purchase will please call and examine for them-

LEVI KEMP. V3-14 July 18th, 1837.

Bushels St. Ubes SALT Dry Goods,

Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Iron, Nails, Oil, Glass, &c. &c., Just received and for sale by RUSSELL & ROBERTS.

NEW YORK & MONTREAL FURS!

Otter, South Sea Seal, Nutre, Seal and Jenett Caps, Boas, Ruffs, Tippets, Jenett Collars and Gloves, Buffalo Robes, &c. &c. &c., for sale by

Missiskoni Bay, Dec. 6th, 1836. V2-53

2,000 Menots Lisbon Salt!

in fine condition, just Landed from on board the Schooner Malvina—likewise aquantity of blown SALT,

a heavy Stock of general

Merchandize, and for sale Wholesale & Retail by W. W. SMITH.

Missiskoui Bay, 23d Nov., 1836. NEW STORE

LL persons having claims against the Estat by Geo. Cook, Esq., where they have just received a new assertment of Cook less.

Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery

and Hardware,

Salt, Glass, Nails, etc. etc. and almost every article called for in a country Store. The above goods will be sold at very reduced prices. The Public are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.

Ashes and most kinds of Produce received in exchange for Goods at fair prices.

A. & H. ROBERTS. Cooksville, Dec. 6, 1836.

Bedford, continues to be common.

FRENCH PAIGE;

a workman of superior abilities and experience. The following are the prices for which cloth will be dressed, viz?—

Fulling and Colouring, (all colors except indigo blue,)

Ten pence per yard, if paid immediately; one shilling per yard, payable the ensuing Winter; one shilling and three pence per yard, payable the ensuing Winter; one shilling and three pence per yard, one shilling and three pence per yard, and three pence per yard, one shilling and three pence per yard, and three pence per yard, one shilling and three shill be sentiated to select the cellent Two Story

Alexanuer, Alexa

Possession given immediately, and terms of payment easy. -Apply to
t. C. GILMOUR & CO.
Granby village, 3d April, 1837. 1tf.

Just Received,

30 chests Y. H. Tea,

25 do. H.S. do

15 do. Souchang do

10 do. Hyson do.

25 Bags Rio Coffee,

25 Kegs Tobacco,

15 Boxes Saunders Caven-

dish do. .6 Kegs Ladies Twist do.

20 Bags Pepper and Pimento, 40 Matts Capia,

2 Tons Trinedad Sugar, 2,000 Wt. Double Refined Loaf Sugar,

and a variety of articles not enumerated for st by W. W. SMITH. Dec. 6. 1836. V2-355

Cara.

Tailoring usiness in its various branches at his old stand,

Day Street. Having made arrangements to receive the latest Northern and Southern FASHIONS, and from the superior quality and low price of Cloths and first rate workmanship, the public will find at his stand inducements seldom to be met with; and, in returning his thanks for past favors, he hopes by unremitted attention, to secure a con-

Cutting done in the most approved style, at the shortest notice, for which nothing but Cash will be received. N. B. WANTED, a BOY from 12 to 14

years of age, as an apprentice, for whose good behaviour security will be required.

DANIEL FORD. Philipsburg, June 21, 1836.

A New Work!

On the first of July, 1837, will be published, beautifully printed on good pas per, of an extra large royal size, & neatly stitched in a colored

cover, the first number of a new periodical work entitled

THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE.

The announcement of a new Periodical, in the present state of affairs, may create some feeling of surprise, but having contemplated an alteration in the nature of a very popular monthly publication, 'Every Body's Album,' the proprietors deem it best to proceed in the perfected arrangements, and produce a periodical embodying the most wholesome points of the old work, but conducted with sufficient energy and talent to ensure the success of their new arrangements. The respectable and extensive subscription list of the Alburg to which this is

the Album, to which this work is designed as a successor will at once place the Gentleman's Magazine in a circulation at once equal togthat of any other monthly work in the United States, and guarantee the continuance of its publication, with the certainty of payment to the enterprise of the proprietors.

The contents of the Gentlemen's Magazine will, in every respect be answerable to the meaning of the title. We do not pretend, in our literary pursuits, to fly as 'eagles soar, above the ken of man,' nor shall we be content with merely skimming the surface of the ground ;our pages will not be filled with abstruse predications nor shall we display the brilliancy of our critical acumen in matters ' caviare to the milton.' In short we do not mean to be profoundly learned, nor philosophically dull. We wish to produce a gentlemanly, agreeable book ... an epitome of life's adjunctives...a literary melange, possessing variety to suit all palates and sufficient interest to command a place upon the parlor table of every gen-tleman in the United States.

In the varied and ample page of contents attached to each number of the Gentleman's Magazine, original articles will be found from some of the most celebrated writers of the day—essays humorous and diadactic...graphic delineations of men and manners...free and spirited translation of the lighter portions of the Literature of continental Europe. A series original biographical notices of the principal stars in the Dramatic boundary. AND

IN EVER THE STATE THE STATE OF THE STAT

The Gentleman's Magazine will contain seventy-two extra sized octavo pages, of two columns each, forming at the close of the year, two large handsome volumes of one thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight columns, each column contain-ing one-third more than an octavo page of average proportions. Several engravings will be given in the course of the year; and the proprietors pledge themselves that the Gentleman's Magazine shall be THE LARGEST AND THE CHEAP-EST MONTHLY WORK ISSUED IN THE U. STATES.

To induce subscribers to forward their 'names immediately, the publisher begs leave to offer the following inducements for Clubbing, the advanfor a few months only. The subscription to the Gontleman's Magazine, will, for a single copy, be invariably three dollars per annum payable in adinvariably three dollar bill will produce two

THE Proprietor of the Lady's Book, grateful for the unceasing patronage which he has received, announces to the Ladies who have has received, announces to the Ladies who have so generously sustained their own 'Book,' that he has made new arrangements for their gratification. Convinced that he could not in any way more effectually promote the interests, or realize the wishes of his numerous subscribers, he has secured the valuable aid of MRS. SARAH J. HALE

MRS. SARAH J. HALE, of Boston, to whose superintendence the literary departments of the Lady's Book will hereafter be committed. For many years Mrs. Hale has conducted the American Ladies' Magazine...a periodical of 'uncommon merit, which will be merged'in the Lady's Book. Her abilities are familiar to her country women, and on both sides of the Atlantic she enjoys a high reputation as one of the most graceful, vigerous & accomplished of our female writers.

Under the judicious management of Mrs. Hale, the Lady's Book will not only maintain the excellent character it has already acquired, but it is confidently expected that it will be rendered more eminently worthy of the support of those to whose interest and âmusement it has been, and will continue to be, especially devoted. The superior talents and fine taste of the Editor will give the work a new impulse; while her own contributions, and those received from her personal friends, and other correspondents, of whom a number have already promised, will render it almost entirely original. Among at the second the second to the small sum mentioned above.

Address, eard only chargeable with newspaper posts of books, and information from "the world of lets trees," of every description.

3d. The news of the week concentrated to a small compass, but in sufficient amount to emiss all compass, but in sufficient amount to emiss all compass, but in sufficient amount to emiss and incompass, but in sufficient amount to emiss and incompass, of Europe and America.

The price will be two dollars to clubs of five individuals, five dollars; single mail subscribers, three dollars. The dissingle mail subscribers, three dollars.

The price will be two dollars to clubs of five price will be charged to me small compass, but in sufficient amount to emiss and incompass, but in sufficient amount to emiss and incompass, of Europe and America.

The price will be two dollars to clubs of five price will be two dollars to clubs of five price will be two oldinars to clubs of five price will b interest and amusement it has been, and will continue to be, especially devoted. The superior talents and fine taste of the Editor will give the work a new impulse; while her own contributions, and these received for tions, and those received from her personal friends; and other correspondents, of whom a number have already promised, will render it almost entirely original. Among others who are expected to furnish matter for the Bock may be mentioned.

> Mrs. Sarah J. Hale, Editor, Mrs. L. H. Sigourney,
> Mrs. Ann S. Stephens,
> Mrs. Caroline Lee Hents,
> Mrs. E. F. Ellett,
> Miss Leslie,
> Miss H. F. Gould,
> Miss C. F. Gould, Miss H. F. Gould,
> Miss C. E. Gooch,
> Miss L. M. Medina,
> R. S. Mackenzie, L. L. D.,
> Joseph R. Chandler,
> Morton M'Michael,
> Robert T. Conrad,
> Alexander Mimitry, A. M.,
> H. E. Hale. H. E. Hale, E. Burke Fisher, N. C. Brooks, A. M.,

William E. Burton, Willis Gaylord Clark, Joseph C. Neal, B. B. Thatcher, R. Penn Smith.

The Proprietor of the Lady's Book is determined to use every means to maintain the superi-ority which his publication has obtained. For years he has gone steadily on in the course of improvement, and he flatters himself that his facile provement, and he natters minsert that his tacils ties are such as to give his work eminent advan-tages over his competitors. His very ample sub-scription list enables him to be liberal in his expenditures upon it, and whatever can be accomplished by enterprise and cost he is resolved to effect. Besides the persons above mentioned as contributors, he has expectations of receiving origa-inal articles from several distinguished female Edited by

WILLIAM E. BURTON,

To whom all original Communications will be be given by the proprietors of any other periodica in the United States.

The mechanical portion of the Lady's Book will likewise be improved. The typography will more elegant, and the paper of a better quality, be more elegant, and the paper of a better quality. During the year portraits, engraved on steel, of several eminent ladies will be given; and every second month a colored plate, illustrating the prevailing fashion, will be furnished. Other embellishments, calculated to enhance the appearance of the years of the years. and increase the value of the work, will be intros duced; and generally, every thing will be done that the most untiring purpose of making the Law dy's Book prereminently entitled to patronage can suggest. With the experience he has acquired during a long course of years devoted to the bus siness, and the aid to be derived from the distinguished lady who will henceforth be associated with him, the l'ublisher is confident that he will be able to render the amplest satisfaction to all who may become his patrons. He, therefore, with a just reliance on his claims to support, respectfully solicits a continuance of that liberal

encouragement which has so kindly been bestowed on his endeavors.

The terms of the Lady's Book are Three Dollars per annum, payable in advance. All orders must be addressed to

L. A GODEY,
100, Wahut Street,
As the publisher of the Lady's Book is connected with other popular periodicals, he suggests, for the convenience of remittance, the following sys-

Lady's Book and Bulwer's Novels, for Lady's Book and Marryatt's Novels, for Bulwer's and Marryatt's Novels, 17 in All, D.5 Bulwer's or Marryatt's Novels and Saturday News, D.5

CLUBBING.

News, Lady's Book, Saturday News and Sketch

Book, for
Lady's Book, Celebrated Trials, and Sketch
Book, for
Bulwer's or Marryatt's Novels, Celebrated
Trials, and Sketch Book,

WALDIE'S LITERARY OM-NIBUS.

Novel and important Literary Enterprise.
Novels, Tales, Biography, Voyages, Travels, Reviews. and the News of the Day.

It was one of the great objects of 'Waldie's Library, 'to make good reading cheaper, and to bring literature to every man's door.' That object has been accomplished; we have given to books wings, and they bave flown to the uttermost parts of our vast continent, carrying society to the secluded, occupation to the literary, information to all. We now propose still further to reduce prices, and render the access to a literary banquet more than twofold accessible; we gave and shall

prices, and render the access to a literary banquet more than twofold accessible; we gave and shall continue to give in the quarto library a volume weekly for two cents a day; we now propose to give a volume in the same period for less than four cents a week, and to add as a piquant seasoning to the dish a few columns of shorter literary matters and a summary of the news and events of the day. We know by experience and calculation that we can go still further in the matter of reduction, and we feel that there is still verge enough for us to aim as offering to an in-

vance...but a five dollar bill will produce two copies to the same direction, or a club of ten dollars will command five copies.

All letters, postage paid, addressed to 'Chailes Alexander, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia, will meet the earliest attention.

Editors occasionally inserting this prospectus & forwarding a marked paper, will be entitled to an exchange.

LITERARY UNION;

LADY'S BOOK

AND

LADIES' AMERICAN MAG-AZINE.

AZINE.

Veyre enough for us to aim as onering to an creasing literary appetite that mental food which it craves.

The Select Circulating Library, now as ever so great a favourite, will continue to make its weekly visits, and to be issued in a form for binding and preservation, and its price and form will remain the same. But we shall, in the first week of January, 1837, issue a huge sheet of the size of the largest newspapers of America, but on the very superior paper, also filled with books of the newst and most entertaining, though in their several departments of Novels, Tales, Voyages, Travels, &c., selectin their character, joined with reading such as usually should fill a weekly newspaper. By this method we hope to accomplish a great good; to enliven and enlighten the family circle, and to give to it, et an expense which shall be no consideration to any, a mass of reading that in book form would alarm the pockets of the predent, and to do it in a manuer that the most sceptical shall acknowledge 'the power of concentration can no farther go.' No book which appears in Waldie's Quarto Library will be published in the Omnibus which will be an entirely distinct periods ical.

TERMS.

ADAM WALDIE:

46, Garpenter st. Philadelphia.

A specimen number, nearly ready will be lorwarded to those who request it, provided such reaquest is made free from posters.



the 4th instant, between
the Village of Frelighsburg,
and Stanbridge, a light bay
and Stanbridge, a light bay
yearling colt, with a star in
the forehead. Whoever will
the forehead. Whoever will
be found shall be handsomely rewarded. be found shall be handsomely rewarded.

JAMES DEVITT.

Stanbridge, Oct. 6, 1837.